### **Bioinformatics III**

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# Exercise Sheet 6

Submit your solutions on paper, hand-written or printed at the beginning of the lecture or in building E2 1, Room 3.03. Alternatively you may send an email with a single PDF attachment. If possible, please include source code listings. Additionally hand in all source code via mail to mhamed@bioinformatik.uni-saarland.de.

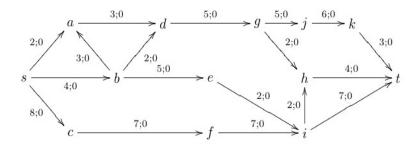
## FFEK Algorithm and GRN

## Exercise 6.1: FFEK Algorithm (50 points)

Apply the Ford, Fulkerson, Edmonds, and Karp (FFEK) algorithm explained in the lecture to determine the s-t-cut and the capacity of the network given below.

For each iteration, give the indices of the nodes, the resulting f-augmenting path with its capacity, and the updated *val(f)*. Sketch the newly found *f*-augmenting paths. Also update the currents through the arcs.

If you find multiple possible paths from s to t with the same length, then choose the one with the highest  $\Delta Q$ .



#### Exercise 6.2: GRN (DREAM3 – Challenge 4) (50 points)

Apply one of the three models introduced in the lecture (Noise, Linear, and sigmoidal) to predict the directed unsigned GRN topology of Ecoli from steady state and time series gene expression data. The target network is of size 10 genes without self-regulatory interactions.

Download the gene expression dataset and use the following:

- -heterozygous.tsv contains the steady state levels for the wild-type and the heterozygous knock-down strains for each gene. Thus, for a network of size 10 there are 11 experiments (wild-type plus knock-down of every gene).
- *-null-mutants.tsv* contains the steady state levels for the wild-type and the null-mutant strains for each gene. Thus, for a network of size 10 there are 11 experiments (wild-type plus knock-out of every gene).
- -trajectories.tsv contains time courses of the network recovering from several external

points).	,,	
Finally, The expected output to be supredictions ordered according to the <b>For example:</b> G1 G2	abmitted should be a ranked list of regulatory significance of each prediction. score	link
the first column regulates the gene in regulates G1, then both lines should	genes (no self-interactions). Links are directed the second column. (If both G1 regulates G2 be included.) Score is between 0 and 1 and in prediction. (Sample output file is also attached	and G2 dicates the
		GOOD LUCK

perturbations. For the networks of size 10, you have 4 perturbations (each one with 21 time