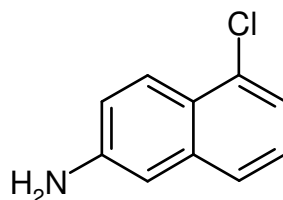
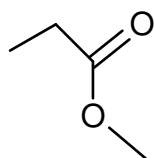
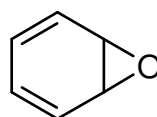
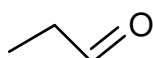
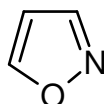


Exercise to the lecture „Modern Methods in Drug Discovery“ WS13/14

3rd Assignment to be handed in until 25.11.2013

your name:

1. Report the appropriate SMILES for the following compounds. No computer generated SMILES please ! (30 points)



2. Draw the according structure of the given SMILES. Please add all hydrogens. (40 Points)

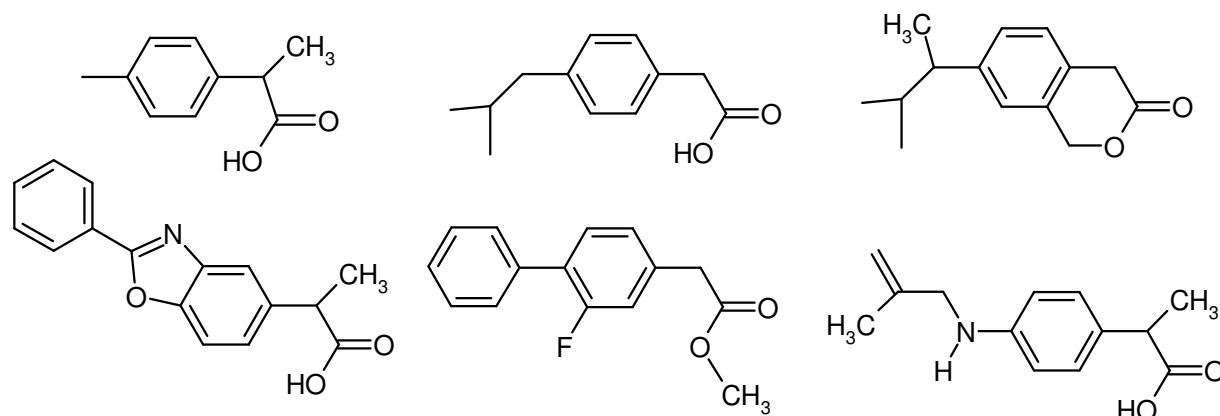
CC(=O)N1CCC(C(=O)N)C1

FS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(C)cc1

CC(C)Cc1ccc(C(C)C(=O)O)c(Cl)c1

c1ccccc1C2=C(c3ccc(NC)cc3)COC2(=O)

3. Find the maximum common substructure of the following compounds and report its corresponding SMILES. Keep in mind that „CO“ matches H₃C-OH as well as H₃C-CH₂-O-CH₃ (only non-hydrogen atoms are considered) (20 points)



4. Which of the QSAR equations (A or B respectively C or D) is „better“ ? (According to which criteria ?) (10 points)

n : number of molecules; r^2 : squared correlation coefficient;
 q^2 : cross-validated r^2 ; s : standard error

A) $\log 1/K_i = 0.26(\pm 0.14)\text{ClogP} - 1.36(\pm 0.43)\text{NHB} + 9.66(\pm 0.39)\text{HL}$

where $n = 21$, $r^2 = 0.853$, $q^2 = 0.746$, $s = 0.326$

B) $\log 1/K_i = 0.34(\pm 0.13)\text{ClogP} - 0.96(\pm 0.27)\text{MR} + 0.85(\pm 0.19)\text{B5Y}$

where $n = 21$, $r^2 = 0.853$, $q^2 = 0.847$, $s = 0.302$

C) $\log 1/C = 0.26(\pm 0.14)\text{ClogP} - 1.36(\pm 0.43)\text{MR} + 9.66(\pm 0.39)\text{B5Y}$

where $n = 16$, $r^2 = 0.841$, $q^2 = 0.654$, $s = 0.354$

D) $\log 1/C = 0.23(\pm 0.15)\text{ClogP} - 1.20(\pm 0.56)\text{MR} + 10.74(\pm 0.67)\text{B5Y} - 0.62(\pm 0.12)\text{NN4} + 0.14(\pm 0.05)\text{GEOM6}$

where $n = 16$, $r^2 = 0.892$, $q^2 = 0.672$, $s = 0.295$